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L12 ANSWER 1 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
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AN 2004:348009 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:356957

- TI Preparation of fragrant 5,7,7-trimethyloctanenitrile via the Knoevenagel condensation of cyanoacetic acid and isononylaldehyde followed by catalytic hydrogenation
- IN Panten, Johannes; Fahlbusch, Karl-Georg; Werner, Matthias; Sillon,
 Pascal
- PA Symrise GmbH & Co. KG, Germany
- SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 7 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA German

FAN.CNT 1

| | PATENT NO. | | | | KIN | מ כ | DATE | | APPLICATION NO. | | | | | DATE | | | | |
|------|------------------|------|------|----------|-------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------|------|----------|----------|----------|------|-----|-----|-----------|-----|
| | - - · | | | - | | | | | | | | - | | | | _ | - | |
| ΡI | EP 1413570 | | | | Al 20040428 | | | EP 2003-22338 | | | | | 20031004 | | | | | |
| | | R: | AT, | BE, | CH, | DE, | DK, I | ES, | FR, | GB, | GR, | ΙT, | LI, | LU, | NL, | SE, | MC, | PT, |
| | | | ΙE, | SI, | LT, | LV, | FI, H | RO, | MK, | CY, | AL, | TR, | BG, | CZ, | EE, | HU, | SK | |
| | DΕ | 1024 | 7966 | | | A1 | 20 | 0040 | 0506 | I | DE 2 | 002- | 1024 | 7966 | | 20 | 0021 | 015 |
| | US 2004127394 | | | A1 | 20 | 20040701 US 2003-684726 | | | | | 20031014 | | | | | | | |
| | BR 2003004488 | | | | Α | 20 | 20040831 BR 2003-4488 | | | 4488 | | 20031014 | | | | | | |
| | JP | 2004 | 1372 | 75 | | A2 | 20 | 0040 | 0513 | į | JP 2 | 003-3 | 35468 | 37 | | 20 | 0031 | 015 |
| PRAI | DE | 2002 | -102 | 4796 | 5 | Α | 20 | 0021 | 1015 | | | | | | | | | |

AB Fragrant 5,7,7-trimethyloctanenitrile, useful as a fragrance in bleaches, is prepared in high yield and selectivity via the Knoevenagel condensation of cyanoacetic acid and isononylaldehyde to give the mixed-isomer intermediate Z/E-5,7,7-Trimethyl-2(3)-octenenitriles which are then subjected to catalytic (e.g., Pd/C) hydrogenation.

IT 681449-57-0P

RL: COS (Cosmetic use); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of fragrant 5,7,7-trimethyloctanenitrile via the Knoevenagel condensation of cyanoacetic acid and isononylaldehyde followed by catalytic hydrogenation)

RN 681449-57-0 CAPLUS

CN Octanenitrile, 5,7,7-trimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me
NC-
$$(CH_2)_3$$
- CH - CH_2 - CMe_3

RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L12 ANSWER 2 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 2002:876124 CAPLUS Full-text
- DN 138:187334
- TI Exceptionally long (≥ 2.9 Å) CC bonding interactions in π -[TCNE]22- dimers: Two-electron four-center cation-mediated CC bonding interactions involving π^* electrons
- AU Del Sesto, Rico E.; Miller, Joel S.; Lafuente, Pilar; Novoa, Juan J.
- CS Department of Chemistry, University of Utah, Salt Lake City, UT, 84112-0850, USA
- SO Chemistry--A European Journal (2002), 8(21), 4894-4908 CODEN: CEUJED; ISSN: 0947-6539
- PB Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA
- DT Journal
- LΑ English AΒ Three groups of singlet ground state [TCNE] 22- (TCNE = tetracyanoethylene) dimers with characteristic intradimer CC sepns. (r) and dihedral angles (d) [i.e., group St (r .apprx. 1.6 Å; d = 180°), Lt (r .apprx. 3.5 Å; d = 180°), and Lc (r .apprx. 2.9 Å; d = .apprx. 0°); notation: S/L: short/long bond length; subscript t/c: trans/cis, resp.] are exptl. characterized. The St group is comprised of σ -dimers of [TCNE] -- and octacyanobutanediide, [C4(CN)8]2-, which have a typical, albeit long, sp3-sp3 σ bond (r .apprx. 1.6 Å) between each [TCNE]. moiety and characteristic vCN, vCC, and δ CCN IR absorptions. groups are structurally characterized as π -dimers of [TCNE]•- that are either eclipsed with r .apprx. 2.9 Å (Lc) and the nitriles bend away from the nominal TCNE plane away from the center of the dimer by 5.0° (.apprx.sp2.17) or are noneclipsed with r .apprx. 3.5 $\mbox{\normalfont\AA}$ (Lt) and the nitriles bend toward the center of the dimer by 1.9° (.apprx.sp2.06). Ab initio computations on isolated dimers were used to study the formation and stability of these exceptionally long CC (≥ 2.9 Å) bonding interactions as well as the process of π -[TCNE]22- dimer formation for the Lc and Lt groups. The results of these computational studies show that the ground-state potential curve is that of a closed-shell/openshell singlet, depending on the distance. The short St group (r .apprx. 1.6 Å) of dimers in this surface are true min.-energy structures; however, the Lt and Lc groups are unstable, although two different nonphys. min. are found when imposing a double occupancy of the orbitals. These min. are metastable relative to dissociation into the isolated [TCNE] •- units. Consequently, the existence of dimer dianions in crystals is due to cation · · · [TCNE] - interactions, which provide the electrostatic stabilization necessary to overcome the intradimer electrostatic repulsion. This cation-mediated $\pi^*-\pi^*$ [TCNE] - · · · [TCNE] interaction complies with Pauling's definition of a chemical bond. bonding interaction involves the π^* orbitals of each fragment, and arise from the overlap of the b2g SOMO on each of the two [TCNE] -- s to form a filled b2u [TCNE]22- orbital. Although a π dimer typically forms, if the fragments are close enough a $\boldsymbol{\sigma}$ dimer can form. Due to the presence of cation-mediated intradimer CC bonding interactions the Lc group of π -[TCNE] 22- dimers exhibits exptl. observable vCN IR absorptions at 2191 \pm 2 (m), 2173 \pm 3 (s), and 2162 \pm 3 cm-1 (s) and vCC at 1364 \pm 3 cm-1 (s) as well as a new UV-Vis feature in the range of 15000 to 18200 cm-1 (549 to 667 nm) and averaging 16825 ± 1180 cm-1 (594 nm) assigned to the predicted new intradimer 1Alg \rightarrow 1Blu transition and is purple on reflected light. Upon cooling to 77 K in 2-methyltetrahydrofuran, this

new band occurs at 18940 cm-1 (528 nm) for $\{[Et4N]+\}2[TCNE]22-$, and the yellow solution turns deep red. Group Lt is characterized by vCN absorptions at 2215 \pm 2, 2197 \pm 3, and 2180 \pm 4 cm-1 and vCC at 1209 \pm 9 cm-1 (w), while group ST has vCN bands at 2215 \pm 4, 2157 \pm 3, and 2107 \pm 4 cm-1 and vCC at 1385 \pm 1 cm-1 (vs).

IT 210233-00-4

RL: PRP (Properties)

(exceptionally long CC bonding interactions in π -[TCNE]22- dimers with two-electron four-center cation-mediated CC bonding interactions involving π^* electrons)

RN 210233-00-4 CAPLUS

CN Iron(2+), bis(acetonitrile)-, salt with 1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4 butaneoctacarbonitrile, compd. with acetonitrile (1:1:1) (9CI) (CA
INDEX

NAME)

CM 1

CRN 75-05-8 CMF C2 H3 N

 $H_3C-C=N$

CM 2

CRN 210232-99-8 CMF C12 N8 . C4 H6 Fe N2

CM 3

CRN 210232-98-7 CMF C4 H6 Fe N2 CCI CCS

 $Me = C = N = Fe^{2+} N = C = Me$

CM 4

CRN 210232-94-3 CMF C12 N8

NC-C-CN NC-C-C-C-CN NC-C-C-C-CN

RE.CNT 90 THERE ARE 90 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 3 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2001:498880 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 135:304028

TI Stereoselective synthesis of the bicyclo[5.3.0]decane portion of the diterpene antibiotic guanacastepene using a pyrylium-ylide [5+2] cycloaddition reaction

AU Magnus, P.; Waring, M. J.; Ollivier, C.; Lynch, V.

CS Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, University of Texas at Austin, Austin, TX, 78712, USA

SO Tetrahedron Letters (2001), 42(30), 4947-4950 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

PB Elsevier Science Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 135:304028

GI

AB Treatment of I with Ac2O/Et3N resulted in [5+2] cyclization to give II, which was further elaborated into III, thus establishing the required stereochem. in the top-half of guanacastepene.

IT 365978-34-3P 365978-53-6P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation);
RACT

(Reactant or reagent)

(stereoselective synthesis of bicyclo[5.3.0] decane portion of diterpene

antibiotic guanacastepene using a pyrylium-ylide [5+2] cycloaddn. reaction)

RN 365978-34-3 CAPLUS

CN 5-Hexenenitrile, 5-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-, (4R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 365978-53-6 CAPLUS

CN 5-Hexenenitrile, 5-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{tabular}{ll} i-Pr\\ $Me-C-CH-CH_2-CH_2-CN$\\ CH_2\\ \end{tabular}$$

IT 365978-51-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (stereoselective synthesis of bicyclo[5.3.0]decane portion of diterpene

antibiotic guanacastepene using a pyrylium-ylide [5+2] cycloaddn.
reaction)

RN 365978-51-4 CAPLUS

CN 5-Hexenenitrile, 5-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-, (4S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

RE.CNT 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 4 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2000:148131 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 132:278725

TI Self-catalytic Michael reaction. An efficient route to 2-cyanoalkanoic acids

AU Krawczyk, Henryk

CS Institute of Organic Chemistry, Technical University (Politechnika), Lodz,

90924, Pol.

SO Synthetic Communications (2000), 30(4), 657-664 CODEN: SYNCAV; ISSN: 0039-7911

PB Marcel Dekker, Inc.

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 132:278725

AB The self-catalytic Michael reaction of several 1,3-dicarbonyl compds. with dicyclohexylammonium 2-cyanoacrylate proceeded highly efficiently at room temperature to give the corresponding 1,4-adducts.

IT 263703-46-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (self-catalytic Michael reaction in preparation of 2-cyanoalkanoic acids)

RN 263703-46-4 CAPLUS

CN Heptanedioic acid, 4,4-diacetyl-2,6-dicyano-, compd. with N-cyclohexylcyclohexanamine (1:2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 263703-45-3 CMF C13 H14 N2 O6

CN
$$C_{-Me}$$
 CN C_{-Me} CN C_{-Me} CN C_{-Me} CN C_{-Me}

CM 2

CRN 101-83-7 CMF C12 H23 N

RE.CNT 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L12 ANSWER 5 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN
     1998:433463 CAPLUS Full-text
DN
     129:130514
ΤI
     Isolation and structural determination of octacyanobutanediide,
     [C4(CN)8]2-; precursors to M(TCNE)x magnets
     Zhang, Jie; Del Sesto, Rico E.; Gordon, Douglas C.; Miller, Joel S.;
     Zhang, Jie; Liable-Sands, Louise M.; Rheingold, Arnold L.; Burkhart,
Brian
CS
     Department of Chemistry, University of Utah, Salt Lake City, UT,
     84112-0850, USA
SO
     Chemical Communications (Cambridge) (1998), (13), 1385-1386
     CODEN: CHCOFS; ISSN: 1359-7345
PB
     Royal Society of Chemistry
DT
     Journal
LА
     English
AB
     The reaction of MI2·xMeCN (M = Mn, Fe) and TCNE (tetracyanoethylene)
     leads to unprecedented [C4(CN)8]2- \mu4-metal complexes which were
     crystallog. characterized and are precursors to M(TCNE) \times yS magnets.
ΙT
     210233-00-4P
     RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation, crystal structure of polymeric µ4-octacyanobutanediide
        complex, and thermal decomposition to give metal TCNE magnet)
     210233-00-4 CAPLUS
RN
     Iron (2+), bis (acetonitrile) -, salt with 1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4-
CN
     butaneoctacarbonitrile, compd. with acetonitrile (1:1:1) (9CI) (CA
INDEX
     NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN 75-05-8
     CMF C2 H3 N
 H 3 C — C = N
     CM
          2
     CRN
          210232-99-8
     CMF
          C12 N8 . C4 H6 Fe N2
          CM
               3
          CRN 210232-98-7
          CMF C4 H6 Fe N2
          CCI CCS
```

CM 4

CRN 210232-94-3 CMF C12 N8

RE.CNT 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 6 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1994:604511 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 121:204511

TI Facile preparation of conjugated dienes from allylic alcohols

AU Kitahara, Takeshi; Matsuoka, Tatsuji; Kiyota, Hiromasa; Warita, Yasuhiro:

Kurata, Hitoshi; Horiguchi, Akira; Mori, Kenji

CS Department of Agricultural Chemistry, University of Tokyo, Tokyo, 113, Japan

SO Synthesis (1994), (7), 692-4 CODEN: SYNTBF; ISSN: 0039-7881

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 121:204511

GI

- AB An efficient two-step procedure to prepare conjugated dienes from allylic alcs. is developed without the formation of regioisomers and rearranged products. Thus, to a solution of I and dry Et3N in dry CH2Cl2 was added dropwise methanesulfonyl chloride; after workup, the crude mesylate was dissolved in diisopropylethylamine (Hunig's base) and dry HMPA and heated at 160° for 20 min. to give (2RS,5R)-8-methyl-5-(1-methylethyl)-6,8- nonadien-2-yl pivalate (II) in 64% yield.
- IT 157905-12-9P

RN 157905-12-9 CAPLUS

CN 5,7-Octadienenitrile, 7-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-, [S-(E)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

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L12 ANSWER 7 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
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AN 1994:134846 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 120:134846

TI A new synthesis of solanone

AU Park, Oee Sook; Kim, Hong Jin; Chae, Woo Ki; Lee, Woo Young

CS Dep. Chem., Chungbuk Natl. Univ., Chungbuk, 306-763, S. Korea

SO Bulletin of the Korean Chemical Society (1993), 14(5), 639-41 CODEN: BKCSDE; ISSN: 0253-2964

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 120:134846

AB A new synthesis of solanone, (E)-MeCOCH2CH2CH(CHMe2)CH:CHCMe:CH2, suitable for use in the perfume industry, is described. Et isovalerate or di-Me malonate are the readily available starting materials.

IT 51513-11-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (intermediate in preparation of solanone from isovalerate or malonate)

RN 51513-11-2 CAPLUS

CN 5,7-Octadienenitrile, 7-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

L12 ANSWER 8 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1994:129084 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 120:129084

TI Polyacrylonitrile modified with hydrogen halide for immobilization of biological substances

IN Howard, Edward G., Jr.; Shannon, Patrick T.

PA du Pont de Nemours, E. I., and Co., USA

SO U.S., 7 pp. Cont. of U.S. Ser. No. 641,991, abandoned. CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

| | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE | | |
|------|----------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|--|--|
| | | | | | | | |
| ΡI | US 5262317 | Α | 19931116 | US 1992-939567 | 19920903 | | |
| PRAI | US 1988-275189 | B1 | 19881123 | | | | |
| | US 1991-641991 | B1 | 19910116 | | | | |

AB Polyacrylonitrile is chemical modified with HX (X = Cl, Br, I, CF3SO3) to produce a polymer with readily replaceable X groups. The modified polyacrylonitrile is useful as an immobilization substrate for, e.g., proteins and in affinity chromatog. Preparation of the halo-modified polyacrylonitriles is included. Immobilization of an anti-apoprotein B monoclonal antibody and of Staphylococcus aureus-derived protein A is described.

IT 153087-08-2 153087-12-8 153087-16-2

153087-20-8

RL: ANST (Analytical study)

(for biol. material immobilization)

RN 153087-08-2 CAPLUS

CN Hexanimidoyl bromide, 4-cyano-2-(2-cyanopropyl)-, polymer with 2-propenenitrile (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 153087-07-1 CMF C11 H16 Br N3

CM 2

CRN 107-13-1 CMF C3 H3 N RN 153087-12-8 CAPLUS

CN Hexanimidoyl chloride, 4-cyano-2-(2-cyanopropyl)-, polymer with 2-propenenitrile (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 153087-11-7 CMF C11 H16 C1 N3

CM 2

CRN 107-13-1 CMF C3 H3 N

 $H_2 C \longrightarrow CH - C \longrightarrow N$

RN 153087-16-2 CAPLUS

CN Hexanimidoyl iodide, 4-cyano-2-(2-cyanopropyl)-, polymer with 2-propenenitrile (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 153087-15-1 CMF C11 H16 I N3

CM 2

CRN 107-13-1 CMF C3 H3 N RN 153087-20-8 CAPLUS

CN Hexanimidic acid, 4-cyano-2-(2-cyanopropyl)-, anhydride with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid, polymer with 2-propenenitrile (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 153087-19-5 CMF C12 H16 F3 N3 O3 S

CM 2

CRN 107-13-1 CMF C3 H3 N

H 2 C --- CH- C--- N

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L12 ANSWER 9 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN
     1992:160132 CAPLUS Full-text
DN
     116:160132
ΤI
     Thermochemical parameters of nitriles in the ideal gas state
AU
     Bures, Michal; Cerny, Cestmir; Holub, Robert
CS
     Vys. Sk. Chemickotechnol., Prague, Czech.
SO
     Chemicky Prumysl (1990), 40(11-12), 589-95
     CODEN: CHPUA4; ISSN: 0009-2789
DT
     Journal
LΑ
     Czech
AB
     The functional group contribution approach was used to derive the
     parameters of the equations for the calcn. of the heat capacities and
     free energy functions of alkyl nitriles (C5-C9). The values of these
     parameters for compds. are tabulated.
     78695-45-1, 4,6-Dimethylheptanonitrile 99064-65-0,
IT
     4,4,5-Trimethylhexanonitrile 138807-85-9, 4,5-
     Dimethylheptanonitrile 138807-91-7, 5,6-Dimethylheptanonitrile
     138807-97-3, 3,4,5-Trimethylhexanonitrile 138808-02-3,
     2,4,5-Trimethylhexanonitrile 138808-04-5, 4,5,5-
     Trimethylhexanonitrile 138808-14-7, 4-Ethyl-5-
     methylhexanonitrile 138808-42-1, 4,5-Dimethylhexanonitrile
     RL: PRP (Properties)
     (free energy function and heat capacity equations for, parameters for,
      in ideal gas state)
RN
     78695-45-1 CAPLUS
CN
     Heptanenitrile, 4,6-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 NC-CH2-CH2-CH-Bu-i
RN
     99064-65-0 CAPLUS
CN
     Hexanenitrile, 4,4,5-trimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 NC-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-C-Pr-i
RN
     138807-85-9 CAPLUS
CN
     Heptanenitrile, 4,5-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
    Me Me
 Et-CH-CH-CH_2-CH_2-CN
     138807-91-7 CAPLUS
CN
    Heptanenitrile, 5,6-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
           Me
NC- (CH2) 3-CH-Pr-i
```

Hexanenitrile, 3,4,5-trimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN

CN

138807-97-3 CAPLUS

RN 138808-02-3 CAPLUS CN Hexanenitrile, 2,4,5-trimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 138808-04-5 CAPLUS CN Hexanenitrile, 4,5,5-trimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 138808-14-7 CAPLUS CN Hexanenitrile, 4-ethyl-5-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 138808-42-1 CAPLUS CN Hexanenitrile, 4,5-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L12 ANSWER 10 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1987:5248 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 106:5248

TI Synthetic microbial chemistry. XII. Synthesis of both enantiomers of sclerosporin and sclerosporal, sporogenic substances of Sclerotinia fructicola

AU Kitahara, Takeshi; Kurata, Hitoshi; Matsuoka, Tatsuji; Mori, Kenji

CS Dep. Agric. Chem., Univ. Tokyo, Tokyo, 113, Japan

SO Tetrahedron (1985), 41(23), 5475-85 CODEN: TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4020

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 106:5248

GI

AB Both enantiomers of sclerosporin and sclerosporal were synthesized from (-)-carvone. (4R,9R,10S)-(+)-Sclerosporin (I,R=CO2H) and (4R,9R,10S)-(-)-sclerosporal (I,R=CHO) were identified as the natural enantiomers by a comparison of their CD spectra. An intramol. Diels-Alder route proved to be an efficient method of preparing sufficient amts. of I for future biol. study.

IT 105661-26-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of, as intermediate for sclerosporin)

RN 105661-26-5 CAPLUS

CN 5,7-Octadienenitrile, 7-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-, [R-(E)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

L12 ANSWER 11 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1986:405818 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 105:5818

TI Denitrohydrogenation of aliphatic nitro compounds and a new use of aliphatic nitro compounds as radical precursors

AU Ono, Noboru; Miyake, Hideyoshi; Kamimura, Akio; Hamamoto, Isami; Tamura, Rui; Kaji, Aritsune

CS Fac. Sci., Kyoto Univ., Kyoto, 606, Japan

SO Tetrahedron (1985), 41(19), 4013-23 CODEN: TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4020

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 105:5818

GΙ

т

Denitrohydrogenation of RR1R2CNO2 (R-R2 = alkyl, aryl) by Bu3SnH in C6H6 in the presence of AIBN gave RR1R2CH. Compds. activated by CN, COR, or CO2R groups, e.g., PhCOCMe2NO2, were readily denitrohydrogenated. Presence of radical leaving groups gave elimination reactions in some cases; thus, treating PhCH(NO2)CH(SPh)Ph with Bu3SnH gave only E-PhCH:CHPh, with no product resulting from denitrohydrogenation. The radical intermediates generated by denitration were also used in C-C: reforming reactions, e.g., cyclization. Thus, treating (allyloxy)nitrocyclohexane with Bu3SnH gave a high yield of the furan derivative I. Also used as the C-C bond-forming reaction was the intermol. addition of radicals to alkenes.

IT 78695-45-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of, by denitrohydrogenation of nitroalkane)

RN 78695-45-1 CAPLUS

CN Heptanenitrile, 4,6-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L12 ANSWER 12 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1985:504806 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 103:104806

TI The Prins-type reactions of mono- and 1,1-disubstituted alkenes with trichloroacetonitrile in the presence of boron trichloride

AU Hamana, Hiroshi; Sugasawa, Tsutomu

CS Shionogi Res. Lab., Shionogi and Co., Ltd., Osaka, 553, Japan

SO Chemistry Letters (1985), (5), 571-4

CODEN: CMLTAG; ISSN: 0366-7022

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 103:104806

GI

AB BC13 catalyzed the Prins-type reaction of alkenes RCH:CH2 (R = hexyl, Bu, Me2CHCH2, EtCHMe, Me3C, PhCH2) with Cl3CCN to give dichloroazirines I in high yields. Further exposure of I to BCl3 at room temperature afforded RCHClCH2CCl2CN. The Prins-type acylations of R1R2C:CH2 [R1R2 = (CH2)5, (CH2)3; R1 = R2 = Et; R1 = CMe3, CHMe2, R2 = Me], limonene, and camphene with Cl3CCN gave R1R2CClCH2COCl3 and R1R2C:CHCOCCl3.

IT 97963-01-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)

RN 97963-01-4 CAPLUS

CN Hexanenitrile, 2,2,5-trichloro-4,4,5-trimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L12 ANSWER 13 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1981:496925 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 95:96925

 ${\tt TI}$ A new synthetic method: direct replacement of the nitro group by hydrogen

or deuterium

AU Ono, Noboru; Miyake, Hideyoshi; Tamura, Rui; Kaji, Aritsune

CS Dep. Chem., Kyoto Univ., Kyoto, 606, Japan

SO Tetrahedron Letters (1981), 22(18), 1705-8 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 95:96925

AB Bu3SnR(R = H, D) denitrate tertiary or secondary aliphatic and aryl nitro compds. to give the corresponding alkanes or deuterioalkanes. Thus, treatment of Me3CCH2CMe2NO2 with Bu3SnH in refluxing C6H6 in the presence of AIBN for 2 h gave 75 % Me3CCH2CHMe2. Similarly, treatment of 4-NCC6H4CMe2NO2 with Bu3SnD in C6H6-AIBN for 1.5 h gave 85% 4-NCC6H4CDMe2.

IT 78695-45-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of, by denitration reaction)

RN 78695-45-1 CAPLUS

CN Heptanenitrile, 4,6-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me NC-- CH₂-- CH₂-- CH-- Bu-i

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AN
     1979:439653 CAPLUS Full-text
DN
     91:39653
ΤI
     Synthesis of methyl 4-isopropyl-7-methyl-5,7-octadienoate
     Watanabe, Shoji; Fujita, Tsutomu; Suga, Kyoichi; Inaba, Teruhiko;
ΑU
Tsuruta,
     Haruki
CS
     Fac. Eng., Chiba Univ., Chiba, Japan
SO
     Yukagaku (1979), 28(2), 115-16
     CODEN: YKGKAM; ISSN: 0513-398X
DT
     Journal
LΑ
     Japanese
OS
     CASREACT 91:39653
AΒ
     Analogs of solanone were prepared Condensation of Me2CHCH2CHO
     piperidine enamine with CH2: CHCO2Me and CH2: CHCN gave
     RCH2CH2CH(CHMe2)CHO [R = CO2Me (I) and CN (II); resp.]. Wittig reaction
     of I with CH2: CMeCH: PPh3 in THF gave H2C: CMeCH: CHCH (CHMe2) CH2CH2R1 (III;
     R1 = CO2Me). Similarly II gave III (R1 = CN), hydrolysis of which under
     basic condition gave cis- and trans-Me2C:CHCH:C(CHMe2)CH2CH2CO2Me.
IT
     70587-52-4P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation);
RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation and hydrolysis of)
RN
     70687-52-4 CAPLUS
     5,7-Octadienenitrile, 7-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
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L12 ANSWER 14 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

CH2

i-Pr

 $NC-CH_2-CH_2-CH-CH$ CH-C-Me

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L12 ANSWER 15 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
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AN 1978:538029 CAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DN 89:138029

TI Nuclear magnetic resonance study of metal complexes. 2. Conformations of

1,2-diamine chelate rings with C-phenyl group(s) in cobalt(III) and platinum(II) complexes

AU Yano, S.; Tukada, T.; Saburi, M.; Yoshikawa, S.

CS Fac. Eng., Univ. Tokyo, Tokyo, Japan

SO Inorganic Chemistry (1978), 17(9), 2520-6 CODEN: INOCAJ; ISSN: 0020-1669

DT Journal

LA English

The proton NMR spectra of [Co(CN) 4(R-phenyl)] (R- phenyl = R-phenylethylenediamine), [Pt(NH3) 2(pn-d1)] 2+ (pn-d1 = 2-deuterio-1,2-aminopropane), [Pt(S-pn-d2) 2] 2+ (S-pn-d2 = (2S)-1,1-dideuterio-1,2,-aminopropane), [Pt(S,S-bn) 2] 2+ (S,S-n = (2S,3S)-2,3-butanediamine [Pt(en)((-)D-stein)] 2+ ((-1)D-stien = silbenediamine) were measured for the diamine chelates with C-Ph group(s) a Karplus-like dihedral angle dependence for the JPt-N-C-C+, where C+ is a Ph atom which attaches on the membered-C atom, was observed These 3JPt-C+ values were very similar to those for the JPt-N-C-CH3 in the diamine chelates with C-Me group(s).

IT 51513-11-2

RL: PRP (Properties)

(NMR and conformation of)

RN 51513-11-2 CAPLUS

CN 5,7-Octadienenitrile, 7-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

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L12 ANSWER 16 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
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AN 1976:433624 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 85:33624

TI Functionalization of unsaturated polymers. Action of chloroacetonitrile in basic media on polyalkadiene organoborane derivatives

AU Pinazzi, C. P.; Vassort, J.; Noireaux, P.; Reyx, D.

CS Lab. Chim. Org. Macromol., Cent. Univ., Le Mans, Fr.

SO European Polymer Journal (1976), 12(2), 83-6 CODEN: EUPJAG; ISSN: 0014-3057

DT Journal

LA French

Poly(1,2-butadiene), poly(1,4-butadiene) [9003-17-2], poly(3,4-isoprene) [9003-31-0], and poly(1,4-isoprene) and models of their structural repeating units, i.e. 3-ethylpentene [4038-04-4], 4-octene [592-99-4], 3-ethyl-2-methylpentene [19780-66-6], and 4-methyl-4-octene [38304-63-1] were treated with 9-borabicyclononane [25301-61-5] and then with K tert-butylphenoxide and ClCH2CN. The monomers gave 65-84% yields of products with the cyanomethyl groups attached to the least substituted C and cyanomethylated polymer yields were 60-82% depending on microstructure.

IT 59333-88-9P

RN 59333-88-9 CAPLUS

CN Heptanenitrile, 5-ethyl-4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- L12 ANSWER 17 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 1974:45798 CAPLUS Full-text
- DN 80:45798
- TI Tobacco chemistry. 20. Structures and syntheses of three new tobacco constituents of probable isoprenoid origin
- AU Aasen, Arne J.; Hlubucek, Joseph R.; Almqvist, Sven; Kimland, Bjarne; Enzell, Curt R.
- CS Res. Dep., Swed. Tob. Co., Stockholm, Swed.
- SO Acta Chemica Scandinavica (1947-1973) (1973), 27(7), 2405-10 CODEN: ACSAA4; ISSN: 0001-5393
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB The structures of 3 new tobacco isolates, 5ξ-isopropyl-3E-hepten-2-one, 3ξ-hydroxy-3ξ-methyl-6ξ-isopropyl-4E-octenoic acid, and 2,10-dimethyl-7ξ-isopropyl-8E-10-undecadien-4-one have been elucidated on the basis of their spectral data and subsequently confirmed by total syntheses. The possible isoprenoid origin of these compds. is discussed.
- IT 51513-11-2
 - RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with isobutylmagnesium bromide)
- RN 51513-11-2 CAPLUS
- CN 5,7-Octadienenitrile, 7-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

L12 ANSWER 18 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1965:438851 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 63:38851

OREF 63:6913e-h

TI Reduction of aromatic and branched-chain aliphatic nitriles by SnCl2 (Stephen aldehyde synthesis)

AU Pyryalova, P. S.; Zil'berman, E. N.

SO Izvestiya Vysshikh Uchebnykh Zavedenii, Khimiya i Khimicheskaya Tekhnologiya (1965), 8(1), 82-7 CODEN: IVUKAR; ISSN: 0579-2991

DT Journal

LA Russian

The Stephen aldehyde synthesis, reduction of nitriles by treatment with AB anhydrous SnCl2 dissolved in Et2O saturated with HCl and subsequent hydrolysis of the aldimines formed, was investigated for determination of optimum reaction conditions. Using PhCN, the following factors were found to influence the yield of BzH: (1) the Et2O solution of PhCN should he saturated with HCl gas and the resulting mixture kept 3-4 hrs.; (2) the reaction temperature should be 20° (89% yield BzH) rather than 0° (85%); (3) the molar ratio RCN-SnCl2 of 1:2 (100%) instead of 1:1.1 (74%); (4) a stream of HCl gas should be conducted through the combined solns. of RCN and SnCl2 until the solution is homogeneous; precipitation of the aldimine hexachlorostannates then began after some time. After 3 days standing it was filtered, hydrolyzed with warm H2O and the aldehyde steam-distilled The following p-substituted benzaldehydes were obtained in this way in excellent yields (substituent given): Me, MeO, Cl, and Br. In p-NO2- and m-O2NC6H4CN at 0° only the NO2 group was reduced. Increasing the RCN-SnCl2 ratio to 1:6 did not affect p-O2NC6H4CN; however it lead to 29% m-O2NC6H4CHO and 61% m- $\,$ H2NC6H4CN. Reduction of both functional groups has been achieved in neither m- nor p-nitrobenzonitrile. Generally, electron donating substituents increased the nucelophilic properties of the nit rile group and facilitated aldimine formation, and conversely. In contrast to straight-chain aliphatic nitriles, which give bisamides, branched-chain aliphatic nitriles with more than 7 C atoms (RCN-SnCl2 = 1:1.1, after 8 days standing) are converted readily, but with low yields into the corresponding aldehydes, as was shown with 3-ethylenanthonitrile, 2methylcapronitrile and 4,6,6-trimethylenanthonitrile.

IT 2570-95-8, Heptanenitrile, 4,6,6-trimethyl-

(reduction with SnCl2)

RN 2570-95-8 CAPLUS

CN Heptanenitrile, 4,6,6-trimethyl- (7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me $NC = CH_2 - CH_2 - CH_2 - CM_2 = 3$

L12 ANSWER 19 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1961:17973 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 55:17973

OREF 55:3606b-d

TI 5-Neopentyl-5-allylbarbituric acid and related compounds. I. Preparation of β -tert-alkylpropionic acids and derivatives

AU Brandstrom, Arne

CS Pharmacia Ltd., Uppsala, Swed.

SO Acta Chemica Scandinavica (1959), 13, 613-15 CODEN: ACHSE7; ISSN: 0904-213X

DT Journal

LA English

AB cf. ibid. 10, 1197(1956). 5-Neopentyl-5-allylbarbituric acid, a good sedative, was synthesized from ClCH2CH2CMe3, readily converted into 94% Me3CCH2CH2CN (I), b5 57-9°; 93% EtcMe2CH2CH2CN, b. 76-80, 91% Me2CHCMe2CH2CH2CN, b8 88-9°, and 80% Me3CCH2CH2CMe2CH2CH2CN, b8 107-10°, were similarly prepared The cyanides were hydrolyzed to 77% Me3 CCH2CH2CO2H (II), b8 104-5°, 46% EtcMe2CH2CH2CO2H, b10 112-20°, and 50% Me2 CHCMe2CH2CH2CO2H, b8 129-35°. II was also prepared by hydrogenating β-tert-butylacrylic acid over Pd-C; the Et ester of II, b8 60-2°, was prepared (86% yield) by refluxing II 8 hrs. with EtOH.

RN 99064-65-0 CAPLUS

CN Hexanenitrile, 4,4,5-trimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 100247-00-5 CAPLUS

CN Octanenitrile, 4,4,7,7-tetramethyl- (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Me} \\ \text{NC-CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CMe}_3 \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

L12 ANSWER 20 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1952:5236 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 46:5236

OREF 46:879b-i

TI Synthesis and reactions of branched-chain hydrocarbons. I. Hydrocarbons with the 3,5,5-trimethylhexyl groups

AU Gutman, E. M.; Hickinbottom, W. J.

CS Queen Mary Coll., London

SO Journal of the Chemical Society, Abstracts (1951) 2064-7 CODEN: JCSAAZ; ISSN: 0590-9791

DT Journal

LA Unavailable

AΒ This series considers the reactions and properties of paraffins with a regular pattern of quaternary C atoms; this first paper deals with the possibilities and limitations of alkylmagnesium halides having quaternary C atoms for such syntheses. Me3CCH2CHMeCH2CH2OH (I) (144 q.) in 79 g. C5H5N, treated gradually (with stirring and cooling) with 125 g. SOC12, stirred an addnl. 20 min., gradually heated to 110°, and kept at that temperature 2-4 hrs. (cessation of evolution of SO2), gives 91% Me3CCH2CHMeCH2CH2Cl (II), b17 70°, nD25 1.4304. II is hydrolyzed very slowly by aqueous alkali; it reacts only sluggishly in ether with Mq. The Grignard reagent (III) can be prepared in 78% yield after starting the reaction with MeI. Oxidation of III gives 67% I. I (19.8 g.), 60 g. 48% HBr, and 15.6 g. concentrated H2SO4, refluxed 6 hrs., give 70% 1bromo analog of II, b12 75°, nD20 1.4527. III from 65 g. II, 9.8 g. Mg, and 150 ml. ether, added to 14.4 g. AcOEt and refluxed, gives 78% 2,2,4,7,10,12,12-heptamethyl-7-tridecanol (IV), b9.5 120°, nD20 1.4512; IV and a little iodine, heated until H2O formation ceases (0.5 hr.) and the residue refluxed 3 hrs. over Na, give a product composed largely of 2,2,4,7,10,12,12-heptamethyl-6-tridecene (V) [with some (Me3CCH2CHMeCH2CH2) 2C:CH2], b0.55 101-3°, nD20 1.4389-98. With O3, 22 g. V yields HCHO, 10.3 g. 5,7,7-trimethyl-2-octanone (VI), b28 103° nD20 1.4309 (semicarbazone, m. 147.5-8.5°; 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazone, m. 80°), 0.6 g. b1.3 120-34°, and 4.6 g. Me3CCH2CHMeCH2CO2H (VII) (Sbenzylthiuronium salt, m. 154°). Hydrogenation of V in EtOH over Raney Ni at 150°/39 atmospheric gives 79% 2,2,4,7,10,12,12heptamethyltridecane, b0.5 112°, nD20 1.4437, d1919 0.7901. Me3CCH2CHMeCH2CH2CN (5.3 g.) and MeMgI give 1.6 g. VI. III from 19.5 g. II in ether, refluxed 3 hrs. with CdCl2, the ether replaced by 70 ml. C6H6, and treated with 7.6 g. AlCl3 in 20 ml. C6H6, gives 6.1 g. VI. II (97.5 g.) and 78 g. KCN in 75 ml. H2O and 170 ml. EtOH, refluxed 72 hrs., give 59.5 g. 1-cyano-3,5,5-trimethylhexane (VII), b11 97-8°, nD20.7 1.4294; hydrolysis of 20 g. VII by boiling 24 hrs. with alc.aqueous NaOH, gives 19.8 g. 3,3,5-trimethyl-1- hexanecarboxylic acid, b8 132-3°, nD21 1.4346; S-benzylthiuronium salt, m. 153°; chloride (VIIA), b22 104°, nD21 1.4411; amide, m. 107°; Et ester (VIII), b9 96.5°, nD21.2 1.4254. VIII (40 g.) in 60 ml. ether, added dropwise to III from $80.5\ \mathrm{g}.$ II in 150 ml. ether and refluxed 1 hr., gives 60 g. 2,2,4,10,12,12hexamethyl-7- (3,5,5-trimethylhexyl)-7-tridecanol (IX), b0.8 176-8° nD20 1.4558; dehydrogenation of 40 g. IX with iodine (3 hrs. at 200°) gives 31 g. 2,2,4,10,12,12-hexamethyl-7-(3,5,5-trimethylhexyl)-7tridecene (X), b0.8 161-2°, nD26.4 1.4548; the action of O3 on 8.6 q. X yields 1.9 g. 2,2,4,10,12,12-hexamethyl-7-tridecanone (XI), b1.1 124° nD20 1.4460 (semicarbazone, m. 69°; 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazone, m. 39°), and 2.8 g. VI. Hydrogenation of X in EtOH over Raney Ni (180°/27 atmospheric) gives 78% 2,2,4,10,12,12-hexamethyl-7-(3,5,5trimethylhexyl)tridecane, b0.5 166°, nD20 1.4558, d2020 0.8152. VIIA

(from 20.5 g. acid) and (Me3CCH2CHMeCH2)2Cd (from 31 g. II) in C6H6 give 68% XI. III (from 32.5 g. II) and 37.6 g. AgBr, refluxed 1 hr., give 8.2 g. 2,2,4,9,11,11-hexamethyldodecane, b10 138.5°, nD20 1.4370; much olefin is formed.

- IT 2570-95-8, Heptanenitrile, 4,6,6-trimethyl-(preparation of)
- RN 2570-95-8 CAPLUS
- CN Heptanenitrile, 4,6,6-trimethyl- (7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me | | NC- CH₂-- CH₂-- CH-- CH₂-- CMe₃ => d 15; d his; log y L5 HAS NO ANSWERS L5 STR

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:32:02 ON 03 MAR 2005)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:32:08 ON 03 MAR 2005

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L2 0 S L1

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 14:33:01 ON 03 MAR 2005

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:34:22 ON 03 MAR 2005

L3 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L4 50 S L3

L5 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L6 25 S L5

L12

L7 0 S 0/O AND 0/NR AND 1/NC AND 8-13/C AND 1/N

L8 0 S 0/O AND 0/NR AND 8-13/C AND 1/N

L9 282192 S 0/O AND 8-13/C AND 1/N

L10 1 S L5 SAM SUB=L9

L11 29 S L5 FUL SUB=L9

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:38:36 ON 03 MAR 2005 20 S L11

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